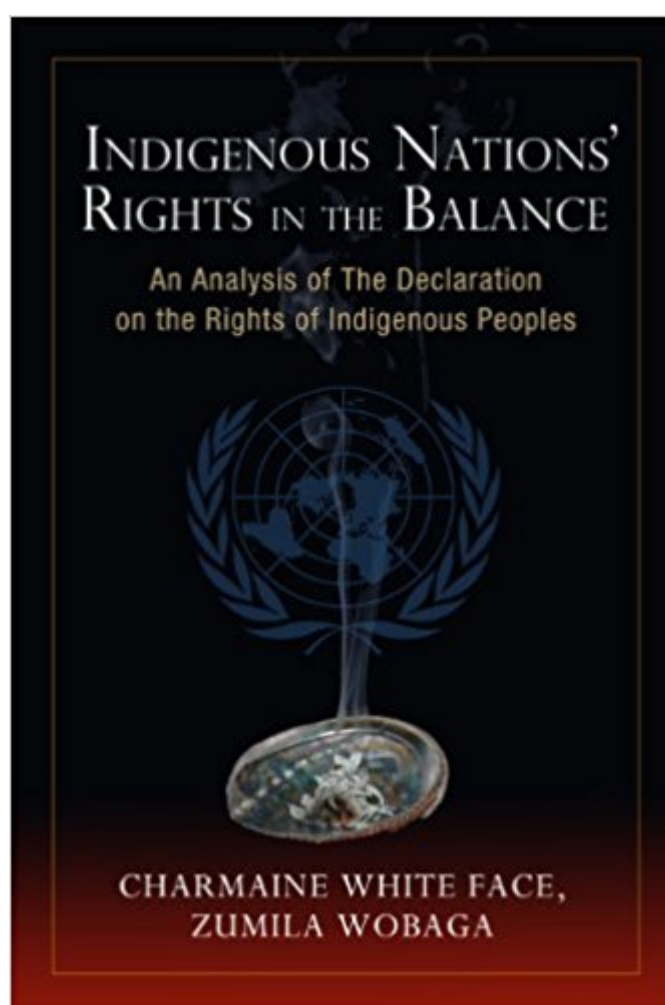


The book was found

# Indigenous Nations' Rights In The Balance: An Analysis Of The Declaration On The Rights Of Indigenous Peoples



## Synopsis

Between 1994 and 2007, three different versions of the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples were passed by various bodies of the United Nations, culminating in the final version passed by the UN General Assembly. Significant differences exist between these versions differences that deeply affect the position of all Indigenous Peoples in the world community. In *Indigenous Nations Rights in the Balance*, Charmaine White Face gives her well-researched comparative analysis of these versions. She puts side-by-side, for our consideration, passages that change the intent of the Declaration by privileging the power and jurisdiction of nation states over the rights of Indigenous Peoples. As Spokesperson representing the Sioux Nation Treaty Council in UN proceedings, she also gives her insights about each set of changes and their ultimate effect. This is a foundational text for Indigenous law and rights and the global struggle of Indigenous Peoples in the face of modern states.

## Book Information

Paperback: 160 pages

Publisher: Living Justice Press; First edition (September 9, 2013)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 0972188681

ISBN-13: 978-0972188685

Package Dimensions: 9.1 x 5.9 x 0.2 inches

Shipping Weight: 2 pounds (View shipping rates and policies)

Average Customer Review: 5.0 out of 5 stars 1 customer review

Best Sellers Rank: #489,432 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #42 in [Books > Law > Administrative Law > Indigenous Peoples](#)

## Customer Reviews

David E. Wilkins, Lumbee Co-author of *Uneven Ground: American Indian Sovereignty and Federal Law* Charmaine White Face's mesmeric account of the Declaration painstakingly reveals the enormous difficulties that Native nations face in their quest to have their rights and resources respected by their host states and by the international community at large. The tortured process she described reveals that states interpret the phrase "rule of law" to mean "their rules and their laws," leaving indigenous peoples even now at the mercy of states and state-dominated institutions, like the U.N. --David E. Wilkins, Lumbee, Coauthor of *Uneven Ground*, Professor of American Indian Studies at the University of Minnesota Charmaine White Face, a Lakota Wiyan from Pine Ridge,

S.D., who is devoted to the political rights of indigenous peoples, gives us here a lucid and implacable analysis of the crucial relationship between Indians and their colonizers. Her work in Geneva, Switzerland, as well as her defense of the Black Hills of the North Plains region, challenges the United Nations Human Rights declaration of 2007 as deeply flawed. In examining the role of the UN, she charges that it has again through its recent declarations provided legitimacy and prestige not only to historical eighteenth-century genocide, but to the continuing plunder of rights and resources of native peoples. Her profoundly disturbing message forces us to ask the question: what happens when international law says powerful nations can use the idea of law as a weapon to gain consensus for theft? The so-called rule of law, as discoverers have shown us from the beginning, entrenches legal doctrines that justify genocide. The UN complicity, White Face tells us, has enormous consequences. No readers of this little text can dismiss the logic of her analysis if we are to learn the lessons of history. Charmaine White Face is the Rachael Maddow of the Lakota political world concerning environmental and civil rights.... Her research is flawless. Her opinions are provocative and courageous and path breaking.... This is a good read. --Elizabeth Cook-Lynn, Hunkpati Dakota, Author of *A Separate Country* and *Anti-Indianism*

Does the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples actually protect indigenous rights? Charmaine White Face provides a series of powerful arguments and direct documentation that indigenous rights were passed over in favor of nation-state powers and jurisdiction over indigenous nations within nation states. Many indigenous organizations that participated in the long negotiations of the Declaration did not give their consent to the final UN versions of the Declaration. The final form of the declaration ignored indigenous self-government, rights to territory, plural citizenship, rights to appeal to international bodies for dispute resolution, and effective rights of informed consent. Instead of protection and articulation of indigenous rights, indigenous peoples are saddled with over 30 unenforceable mandates for nation states to include indigenous peoples as citizens within cultural, legal, and political orders of nation states. Indigenous peoples are willing to work with nation states, but not at the price of losing their indigenous rights to land, self-government, and cultural autonomy. This book provides a detailed analysis and evaluation that shows how nation states and the UN ignored the rights of indigenous peoples when finalizing the Declaration. Everyone interested in the well being of indigenous peoples should read this book. --Duane Champagne, Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa, Author of *Captured Justice* and Professor of Native Studies, UCLA

Charmaine White Face, Zumila Wobaga (A Little Wise One Who Makes a Mark), is an Oglala Tetuwan (Lakota dialect) from the Oceti Sakowin (Great Sioux Nation) in North America. From her

early childhood, her paternal grandmother taught Charmaine White Face about the treaties that the United States and the Great Sioux Nation entered into. Her grandmother also taught her about the cultural differences between these two nations. This influence has permeated her writing and continues to affect her philosophy, thought, work, and life. One of the few members of the Oglala Sioux Tribe to pursue a degree in the sciences, Ms. White Face completed a double major in Biology and Physical Science in 1973. She has used this education to teach environmental science at the college level. A long-term community organizer, Ms. White Face began her organizing work thirty years ago as a volunteer on the Board of Directors for the South Dakota Indian Education Association, of which she was a member for five years. Over the years, she not only continued to volunteer her organizing skills but also worked as a professional organizer for a national environmental organization. She also worked as an administrator for the Oglala Sioux Tribe on the Pine Ridge Indian Reservation. She took an active role in developing tribal laws, managing departments, and administering federal programs. Woven throughout, she has been a political columnist. Her writings have appeared in magazines and essay collections in the United States and Great Britain. She authored a book entitled *Testimony for the Innocent*, which is a biographical account of her experiences as the Treasurer for the Oglala Sioux Tribe. For the past twenty years, her editorials and essays have urged political reform, social justice, and environmental protection and restoration. Through her published work, the Sioux Nation Treaty Council, established in 1894 by He Dog, a Headman, came to recognize her understanding of the sovereignty of the Great Sioux Nation. In 1994, unknown to her, the Council appointed her to be the Spokesperson's successor. Spokesperson being a lifelong appointment. She assumed the duties as Spokesperson in 2004. Her work for the Treaty Council is to uphold the Fort Laramie Treaty of 1868. Since 2002, she has been participating at the United Nations in Geneva, Switzerland, and New York City, New York, to advocate for the Great Sioux Nation and other Indigenous Peoples. At a critical juncture in the development of the Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, she participated in the prayer fast/hunger strike held in December 2004 at the United Nations in Geneva, Switzerland. In 2002, she founded a volunteer environmental and social justice organization called Defenders of the Black Hills. The organization advocates for the protection, preservation, and restoration of the environment of the 1851 and 1868 Treaty Territories. The organization is composed of members from many different Indigenous Nations as well as non-Indigenous people from the United States, Canada, and Europe. She is currently working on cleaning up thousands of abandoned open-pit uranium mines and prospects. The radioactive dust, waste, and leaching from these sites are polluting the environment in western South Dakota and the Northern Great Plains 1868 Treaty

Territory. Ms. White Face is a mother, grandmother, and great-grandmother. Her hobbies include sewing, reading, gardening, and old movies. She resides in Rapid City, South Dakota.

Scholarly review of UNDRIP was more than needed; given the exploitation of the United Nations systems and policies that have been historically designed to NOT allow Indigenous People to speak on their on behalf; instead only recognizing Nation to Nation leadership representation. We all know many Native Nations have been co-opted and are operating under a shadow government with the intent to manipulate Indigenous Peoples leaders and representatives to pass laws and policies that serve the dominate societies and corporate interests above their own peoples human, social environmental and economic rights and the rights of ALL living things, including but not limited to Mother Earth and Father Sky.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

Indigenous Nations' Rights in the Balance: An Analysis of the Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples In the Light of Justice: The Rise of Human Rights in Native America and the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples Queer Indigenous Studies: Critical Interventions in Theory, Politics, and Literature (First Peoples: New Directions in Indigenous Studies) Mobilizing Bolivia's Displaced: Indigenous Politics and the Struggle over Land (First Peoples: New Directions in Indigenous Studies (University of North Carolina Press Paperback)) The Transit of Empire: Indigenous Critiques of Colonialism (First Peoples: New Directions Indigenous) Our Declaration: A Reading of the Declaration of Independence in Defense of Equality Gut: Gut Balance Solution: 10 Steps on How You Can Restore Optimal Gut Health, Boost Metabolism and Heal Your Gut Effectively (4-Week Gut Balance Diet Plan, leaky gut, clean gut, Gut Balance Recipes) International Human Rights and Indigenous Peoples (Elective Series) World Heritage Sites and Indigenous Peoples Rights: IWGIA Document No. 129 (Iwgia Documents) Rights in Rebellion: Indigenous Struggle and Human Rights in Chiapas The Declaration of Independence and United States Constitution with Bill of Rights and all Amendments (Annotated) The Constitution of the United States, Bill of Rights, Declaration of Independence, and Articles of Confederation A World Made New: Eleanor Roosevelt and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights Learning Cursive: Handwriting Practice Workbook for Teens: With Declaration of Independence, United States Constitution & Bill of Rights Copybook Universal Declaration of Human Rights (Little Books of Wisdom) The Constitution of the United States, Bill of Rights, Declaration of Independence, and Articles of Confederation: The Essential American Papers Every Human Has Rights: A Photographic Declaration for Kids The Moundbuilders: Ancient Peoples of Eastern North America

(Ancient Peoples and Places) Peoples and Cultures of East Africa (Peoples and Cultures of Africa)  
Peoples and Cultures of Southern Africa (Peoples and Cultures of Africa)

[Contact Us](#)

[DMCA](#)

[Privacy](#)

[FAQ & Help](#)